

ABSTRAK

Desti Ayu Lestari. 2022.Pengaruh Pelatihan Kerja Dan Lingkungan Kerja Terhadap Kinerja Pegawai Kantor Badan Penanggulangan Bencana Daerah Kabupaten Ogan Komereing Ulu. Skripsi Dibimbing oleh **Novie Al Muhariah, S.E., M.Si. dan Rani Anwar, S.Pd., M.M.**

Penelitian ini membahas tentang Pengaruh Pelatihan Kerja Dan Lingkungan Kerja Terhadap Kinerja Pegawai Kantor Badan Penanggulangan Bencana Daerah Kabupaten Ogan Komereing Ulu. Teknik pengumpulan data yang digunakan dalam penelitian ini melalui penyebaran kuesioner. Jumlah populasi sebanyak 50 orang. Metode analisis yang digunakan adalah regresi linear berganda. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa secara parsial t_{hitung} untuk variabel Pelatihan Kerja (X1) sebesar 3,834 dengan $t_{tabel} = 2,011$ atau $t_{hitung} > t_{tabel}$ atau $3,834 > 2,011$, maka keputusannya H_0 ditolak dan H_a diterima artinya Pelatihan Kerja berpengaruh signifikan terhadap Kinerja pegawai Kantor Badan Penanggulangan Bencana Daerah Kabupaten Ogan Komering Ulu. Untuk variabel Lingkungan Kerja (X2) $t_{hitung} = 8,426$, dengan $t_{tabel} = 2,011$. Berdasarkan kriteria keputusan ternyata nilai $t_{hitung} > t_{tabel}$ atau $8,426 > 2,011$, maka keputusannya H_0 ditolak dan H_a diterima artinya Lingkungan Kerja berpengaruh signifikan terhadap Kinerja pegawai Kantor Badan Penanggulangan Bencana Daerah Kabupaten Ogan Komering Ulu. F_{hitung} sebesar 352,861 dan F_{tabel} 3,20. Jadi $F_{hitung} > F_{tabel}$ atau $352,861 > 3,20$, maka keputusannya H_0 ditolak dan H_a diterima, artinya seluruh variabel X yaitu Pelatihan Kerja (X1) dan Lingkungan Kerja (X2) secara bersama-sama berpengaruh signifikan terhadap Kinerja pegawai Kantor Badan Penanggulangan Bencana Daerah Kabupaten Ogan Komering Ulu. Nilai koefisien determinasi (*R Square*) adalah sebesar 0,938 hal ini menunjukkan bahwa sebesar 93,8% determinasi (*R Square*) adalah sebesar 0,938 hal ini menunjukkan bahwa sebesar 93,8% sumbang dari Kinerja pegawai Kantor Badan Penanggulangan Bencana Daerah Kabupaten Ogan Komering Ulu bisa dijelaskan oleh variabel Pelatihan Kerja (X1) dan Lingkungan Kerja (X2), sedangkan sisanya sebesar 6,2% dipengaruhi oleh variabel lain selain variabel dalam penelitian ini, misalnya kompetensi (upah atau gaji, intensif, penghargaan dan tunjangan), pemberdayaan sumber daya manusia, dan lain-lain.

Kata Kunci: Pelatihan Kerja, Lingkungan Kerja, Kinerja Pegawai

ABSTRACT

Desti Ayu Lestari. 2022. The Influence of Job Training and Work Environment on the Employees' Performance at the Regional Disaster Management Agency Office of Ogan Komereing Ulu Regency. Under the guidance of **Novie Al Muhariah, S.E., M.Si. and Rani Anwar, S.Pd., M.M.**

This study discusses the influence of job training and work environment on employees' performance at the Regional Disaster Management Agency Office of Ogan Komereing Ulu Regency. The data collection technique used in this study was through the distribution of questionnaires. The total population is 50 people. The analytical method used is multiple linear regression. The results showed that partially tcount for the Job Training variable (X_1) was 3.834 with $t_{table} = 2.011$ or $t_{count} > t_{table}$ or $3.834 > 2.011$, then the decision H_0 was rejected and H_a was accepted, meaning that Job Training had a significant influence on the performance of the employees at the Regional Disaster Management Agency Office, Ogan Komering Ulu Regency. For the Work Environment variable (X_2) $t_{count} = 8,426$, with $t_{table} = 2,011$. Based on the decision criteria, it turns out that the value of $t_{count} > t_{table}$ or $8,426 > 2,011$, then the decision is H_0 was rejected and H_a was accepted, meaning that the work environment has a significant influence on the performance of the employees at the Regional Disaster Management Agency Office of Ogan Komering Ulu Regency. F_{count} is 352.861 and F_{table} is 3.20. So $F_{count} > F_{table}$ or $352.861 > 3.20$, then the decision H_0 was rejected and H_a was accepted, meaning that all X variables, namely Job Training (X_1) and Work Environment (X_2) together have a significant influence on the employees' performance at the Regional Disaster Management Agency Office of Ogan Komering Ulu Regency. The coefficient of determination (R^2) is 0.938, this indicates that 93.8% contribution from the performance at the Regional Disaster Management Agency Office of Ogan Komering Ulu Regency can be explained by the variables of Job Training (X_1) and Work Environment (X_2), while the remaining 6.2% is influenced by other variables besides the variables in this study, for example competence (wages or salaries, incentives, rewards and benefits), empowerment of human resources, and others.

Keywords: Job Training, Work Environment, Employees' Performance